



2013 Full Year Results

26th February 2014

Delivering on our strategic priorities; well positioned for growth

- **Significant progress against strategic priorities**
 - £591m of disposals; £250m invested in acquisitions and developments
 - Creation of €1bn European logistics partnership; LTV reduced to 42%

- **Encouraging operational performance**
 - £30m of new rent commitments, +17% compared to 2012
 - Strong year for pre-let developments; -0.7% change in like-for-like contracted rents

- **Positive valuation performance driving 6% increase in NAV**
 - UK portfolio +7.0%, outperforming IPD UK Quarterly Industrial Index (+5.7%)
 - Continental Europe -3.1% impacted by weaker non-core performance

- **Portfolio and land bank well positioned for growth**
 - Improving economic environment
 - Structural drivers of occupier demand accelerating; supply conditions remain tight
 - Investment market for prime industrial supportive to values



Financial Review

Justin Read, Group Finance Director

Financial highlights

- Earnings reduction reflects net divestment of £342m and SELP JV during 2013
- Balance sheet considerably strengthened by Group's actions and valuation uplift

	31 Dec 2013	31 Dec 2012	Change %
EPRA PBT (£m)	134.1	144.9	(7.5)
EPRA EPS (pence)	17.7	19.3	(8.3)
EPRA NAV per share ¹ (pence)	312	294	6.1
Loan to value - inc. JVs at share ² (%)	42	51	
Dividend per share (pence)	14.8	14.8	

¹ EPRA NAV per share excludes fair value of interest rate derivatives and deferred tax provisions, but includes trading property uplifts

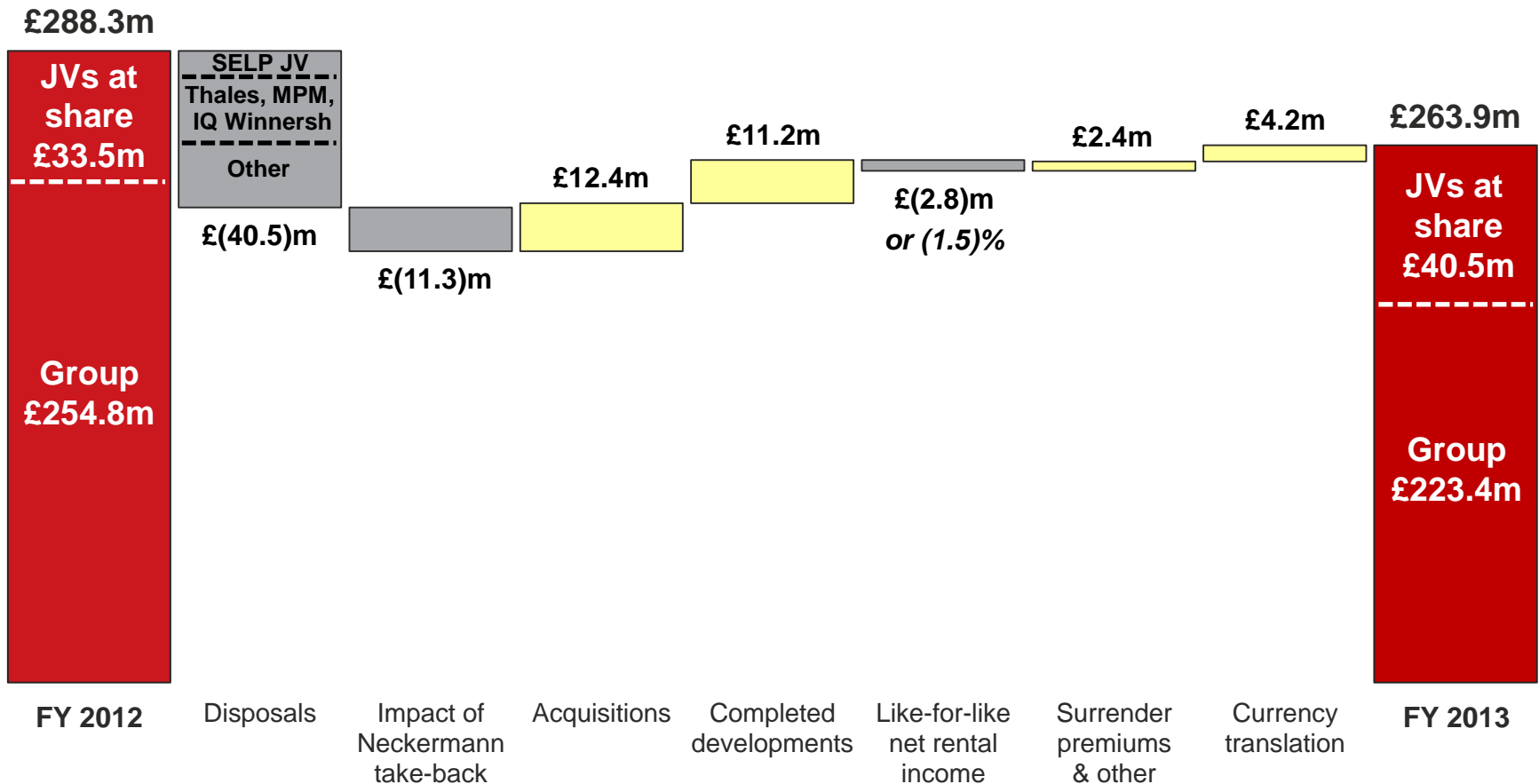
² Includes £131m deferred consideration from the creation of the SELP JV

Net rental income 12.3% lower; EPRA PBT 7.5% lower at £134m

	31 Dec 2013 £m	31 Dec 2012 £m
Gross rental income	273.8	305.4
Property operating expenses	(50.4)	(50.6)
Net rental income	223.4	254.8
Share of joint ventures' EPRA profit ¹	26.3	20.2
Joint venture fee income	7.1	7.4
Administration expenses	(26.1)	(27.9)
EPRA operating profit	230.7	254.5
EPRA net finance costs	(96.6)	(109.6)
EPRA profit before tax	134.1	144.9
<i>Tax rate on EPRA profit</i>	<i>2.0%</i>	<i>1.3%</i>

¹ Net property rental income less administrative expenses, net interest expenses and taxation

Movement in net rental income impacted by portfolio reshaping



Pro forma net rental income adjusting for the incremental impact of 2013 transactions

	Group £m	JVs £m	Total £m
2013 net rental income	223	41	264
<i>Incremental impact of:</i>			
2013 disposals	(16)	(1)	(17)
Creation of SELP JV	(44)	21 ¹	(23) ¹
2013 acquisitions	5	-	5
2013 completed developments let	1	1	2
Pro forma net rental income	169	62	231

- One-off payment from Neckermann administrator in 2014 (£3.5m) broadly offsets 2013 BMI surrender premium (£4.5m)
- £31m of annualised gross rent² to come from developments and SELP acquisition

¹ Net of JV management fees payable to the Group

² Income based on headline rental income (on a cash flow basis), after the expiry of rent frees

Further reduction in total costs achieved

- 6.5% reduction in administrative expenses delivering lower total costs
- Operating expenses included £2.9m of Neckermann-related costs in 2013
- Cost ratio increased to 24.2% due to impact of disposals and SELP JV on gross rent

Inc. JVs at share	2013 £m	2012 £m	Change %
Gross rental income	322.3	345.4	(6.7)
Property operating expenses	(50.4)	(50.6)	(0.4)
Administrative expenses	(26.1)	(27.9)	(6.5)
JV operating expenses	(6.9)	(4.8)	43.8
JV management fees	5.4	4.1	31.7
Total costs	(78.0)	(79.2)	(1.5)
Total cost ratio¹	24.2%	22.9%	

¹ Total costs as a percentage of gross rental income. Total costs include vacant property costs

Balance sheet considerably strengthened



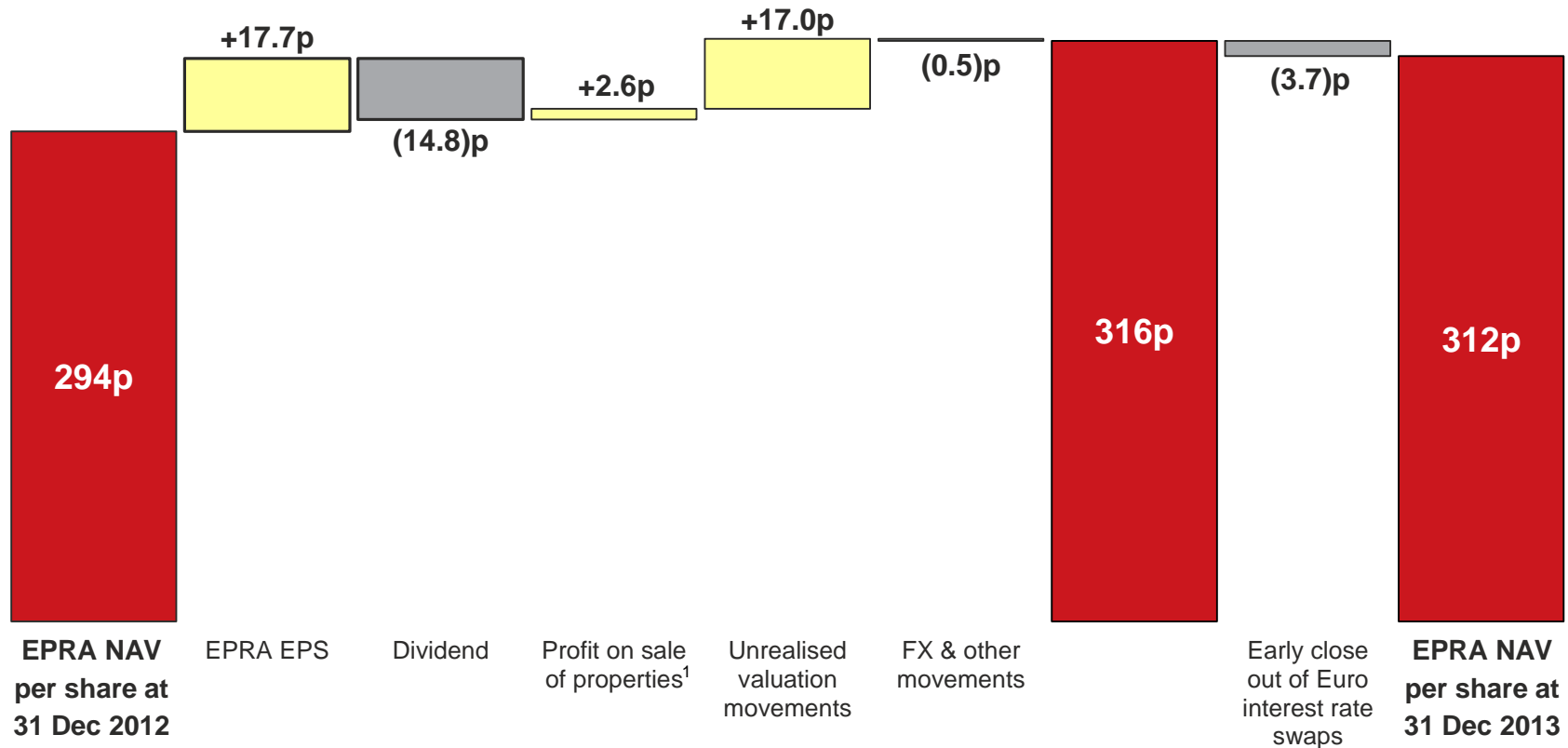
	31 Dec 2013	31 Dec 2012
<u>Group only:</u>		
Net borrowings (£m)	1,459	2,090
Available Group cash & undrawn facilities (£m)	982	449
Weighted average cost of debt ¹ (%)	4.5	4.6
Average duration of debt (years)	8.7	8.3
Interest cover ² (times)	2.2	2.3
<u>Including JVs at share:</u>		
Net borrowings (£m)	1,889	2,388
LTV ratio ³ (%)	42	51
Weighted average cost of debt ¹ (%)	4.2	4.4

¹ Based on gross debt, excluding commitment fees and amortised costs

² Net rental income / EPRA net finance costs (before capitalisation)

³ Includes £131m deferred consideration from the creation of the SELP JV

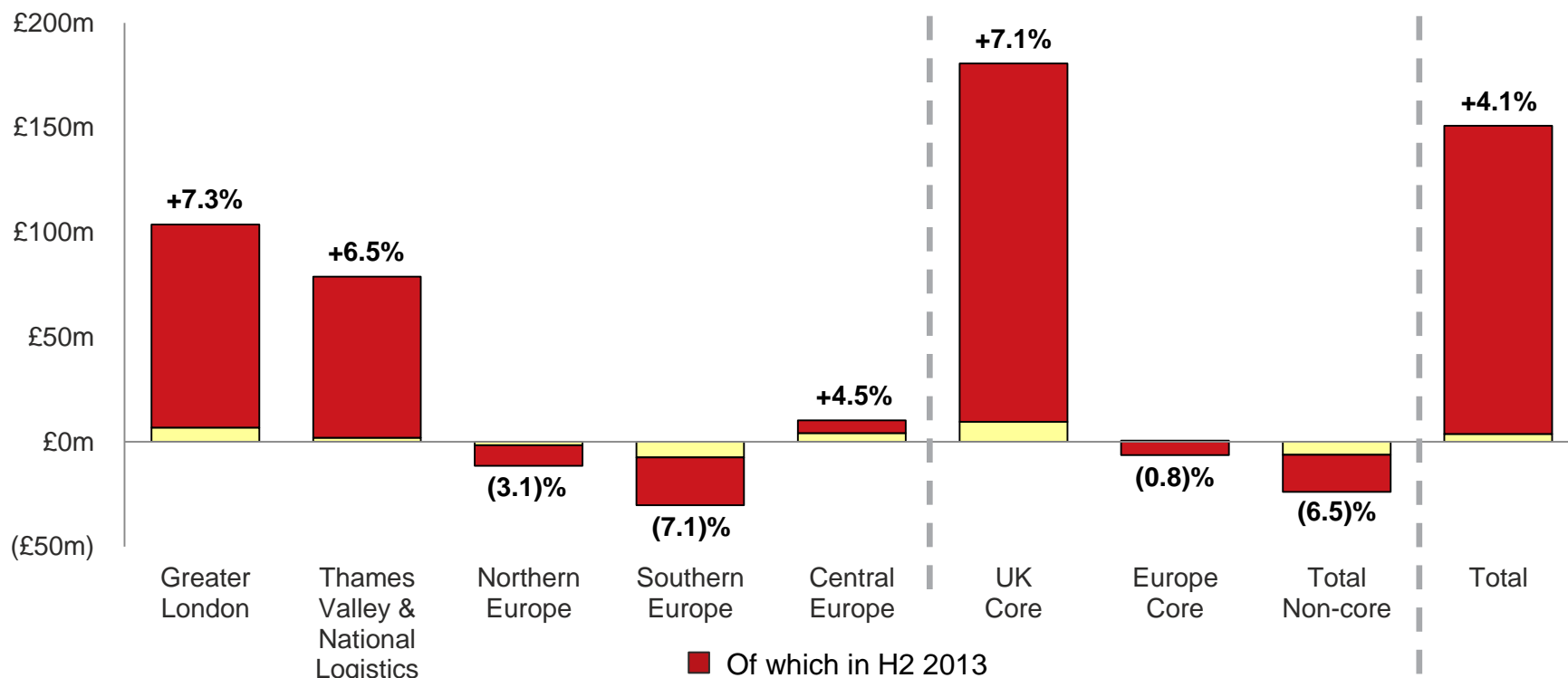
6.1% increase in EPRA NAV per share (+7.5% before swaps close out)



¹ After 2.2p of set-up costs related to the creation of the SELP JV

Positive valuation movement of £151m (UK +7.0%; Continental Europe -3.1%)

Portfolio surplus/(deficit)¹



ERV¹:	+0.9%	(0.7)%	(0.1)%	(2.2)%	+0.3%	+0.2%	(0.5)%	(1.8)%	(0.2)%
-------------------------	--------------	---------------	---------------	---------------	--------------	--------------	---------------	---------------	---------------

¹ In relation to completed properties, including joint ventures at share

- **2013: results reflect success with strategy implementation**
 - Earnings lower due to net disposal activity, but dividend remains well covered at 14.8p
 - Balance sheet considerably strengthened, funding sources diversified
 - Positive valuation uplift leading to 6% NAV increase

- **2014: positive earnings momentum from committed development programme and accretive acquisitions**
 - Expected to offset/mitigate remaining impact of 2013 disposals



Delivering on our strategic priorities

David Sleath, Chief Executive

Our strategic priorities

1 Reshape the existing portfolio

- Divesting non-core assets
- Improving asset utilisation (land & vacant property)

2 Deliver profitable growth by reinvesting

- Generating attractive returns by building a high quality, modern portfolio with critical mass in target markets, through development and acquisition

3 Reduce net debt and introduce third party capital

- Reducing net debt and leverage over time
- Partnering with third party capital where appropriate

4 Drive operational performance across the business

- Greater customer focus and market knowledge
- Capitalise on favourable growth drivers
- Efficiency improvements and cost reductions

£591m of disposals; 5% above Dec-12 value

1

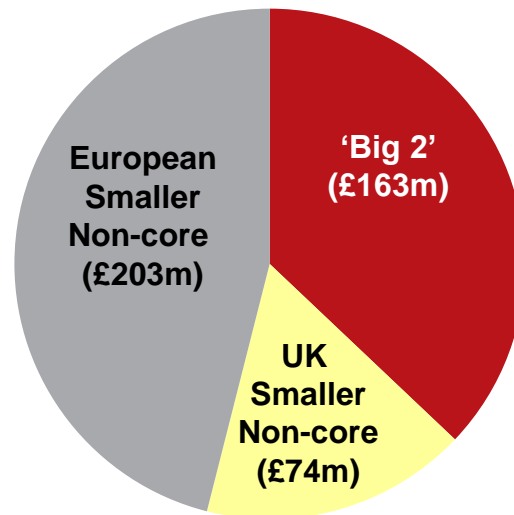
Reshape existing portfolio

- Disposals ahead of target for 2013
- Average yield on disposals of 7.2%¹
- £440m of non-core assets remaining (11% of portfolio)

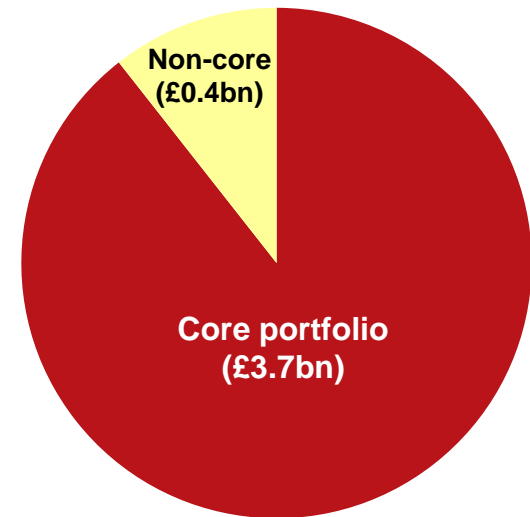
2

Deliver profitable growth

Distribution of non-core assets
31 Dec 2013



Total portfolio – Core vs. Non-core
31 Dec 2013



3

Reduce debt & introduce third party capital

4

Drive operational performance

¹ Including the benefit of top-ups (excludes disposals of land and Neckermann)

15 developments completed during 2013 totalling 144,000 sq m of new space

1

Reshape existing portfolio

2

Deliver profitable growth

3

Reduce debt & introduce third party capital

4

Drive operational performance

- Annual rent of £6.6m (now 85% let)
- Average profit on cost of 23% (yield on total cost of 9.7%)

North Feltham, London (8,096 sq m)



Alzenau, Frankfurt (17,398 sq m)



18 current developments (245,000 sq m) over the next 2 years across UK and Europe

1 Reshape existing portfolio

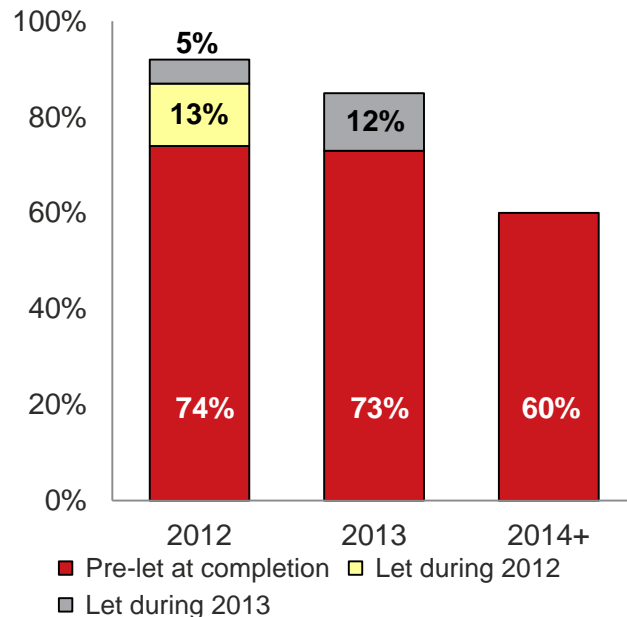
2 Deliver profitable growth

3 Reduce debt & introduce third party capital

4 Drive operational performance

- Annual rent of £16.9m (60% let) – 9.6% yield on cost
- £89m development cost (exc. land)
- 78,500 sq m of speculative projects

Progress in securing rental income from development completions



£141m reinvested in modern warehouses and land for future development

1

Reshape existing portfolio

2

Deliver profitable growth

3

Reduce debt & introduce third party capital

4

Drive operational performance

Zeran Park II, Warsaw (£37m)



- 49,900 sq m of urban distribution space
- Prime location close to city centre
- 85% occupied by range of customers
- Strengthens market position in Poland's largest city and major economic centre



Barking, East London (£30m)

- 25,500 sq m modern logistics warehouse
- Fast access to M25 via A13 and A406
- Fully let to City Bond Limited until 2028; wine and spirits distribution company
- Area with strong potential for expansion

£70m¹ of property swaps improving future portfolio return prospects

1

Reshape existing portfolio

2

Deliver profitable growth

3

Reduce debt & introduce third party capital

4

Drive operational performance



PURCHASED:

Decathlon, Northampton

- 17,600 sq m distribution warehouse
- Let to Tesco until December 2018
- Sub-let for Decathlon's sole UK logistics hub, serving national outlets

SOLD:

Bracknell and Slough

- 2 smaller non-core industrial assets
- Multi-let estates serving 42 units across 9,900 sq m



€1bn SELP JV to increase exposure to European logistics

1

Reshape existing portfolio

2

Deliver profitable growth

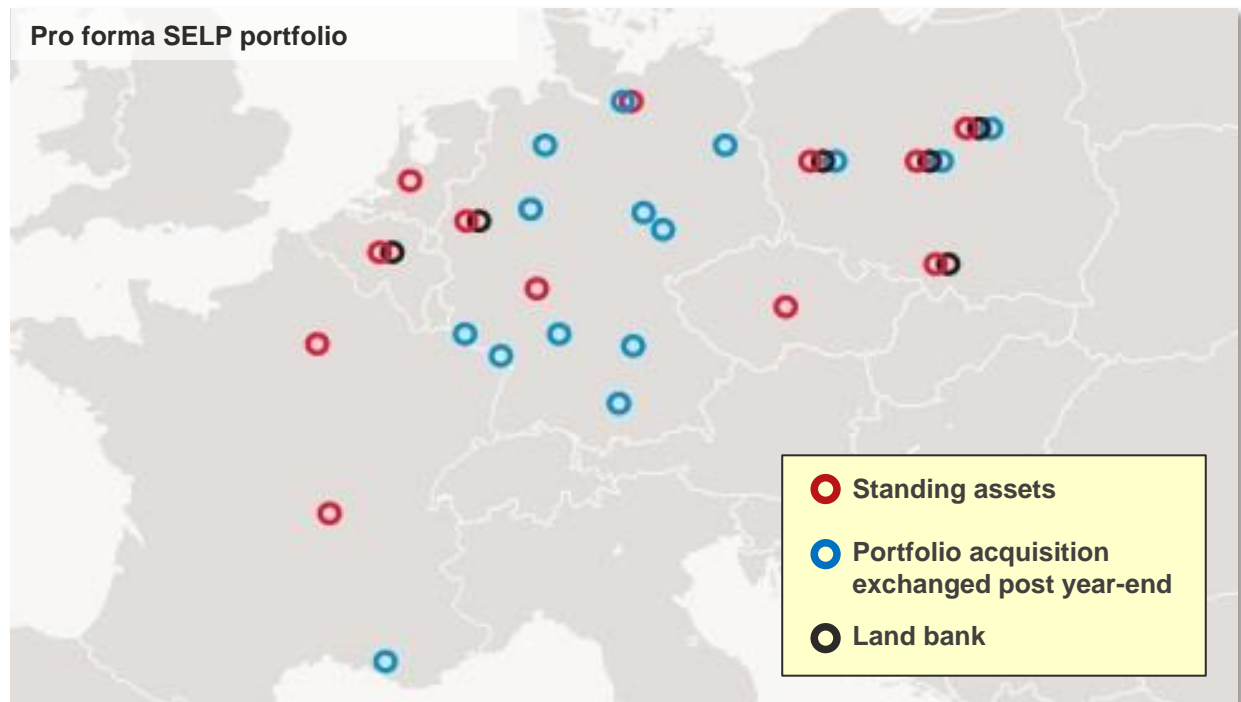
3

Reduce debt & introduce third party capital

4

Drive operational performance

- Seeded with €1bn of Continental European logistics assets/land
- 81 ha land bank; 22 ha (80,000 sq m of space) already under development
- Agreement to acquire a further €472m of prime logistics assets



£30m of new rental income contracted, +17% compared with 2012

1 Reshape existing portfolio

2 Deliver profitable growth

3 Reduce debt & introduce third party capital

4 Drive operational performance

- Significant pick-up in pre-lets on future developments
- Vacancy +30bps to 8.5% mainly due to impact of disposals
- Improvement in customer satisfaction levels

Inc. JVs at share	2013	2012
Total income contracted ¹	£29.6m	£25.2m
- Of which pre-lets on developments	£7.3m	£3.9m
Lettings vs. prior year ERV	+5.2%	+2.9%
Lease incentives	11.0%	8.2%
Retention rate	69%	65%
Take-backs ²	£(21.0)m	£(20.7)m
Customer satisfaction ³	76%	72%

¹ Excludes lease renewals, break options not exercised and income from short term licence agreements

² Excludes take-back of space for redevelopment and Neckermann campus space returned

³ % of occupiers rating SEGRO as 'good' or 'excellent'

Significant Strategic Progress

1 Reshape the existing portfolio

- £591m of disposals at 5% above Dec-12 value
- Non-core now only 11% of total assets (Nov-11: 31%)

2 Deliver profitable growth by reinvesting

- £338m of acquisitions adding £22m of new rent¹
- £108m invested into the development programme

3 Reduce net debt and introduce third party capital

- Net borrowings reduced by £499m²; LTV^{2,3} now 42%
- €1bn SELP JV to accelerate growth in CE logistics

4 Drive operational performance across the business

- £30m of new rent contracted, +17% vs. 2012
- 7% reduction in administration expenses

¹ Including SEGRO share of SELP logistics portfolio acquisition (exchanged in February 2014; expected completion in Q2 2014)

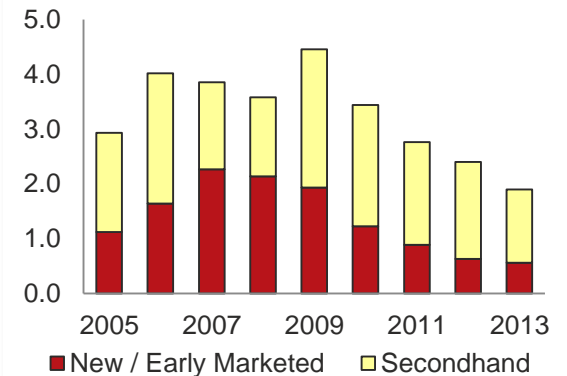
² Including JVs at share

³ Includes £131m deferred consideration from the creation of the SELP JV

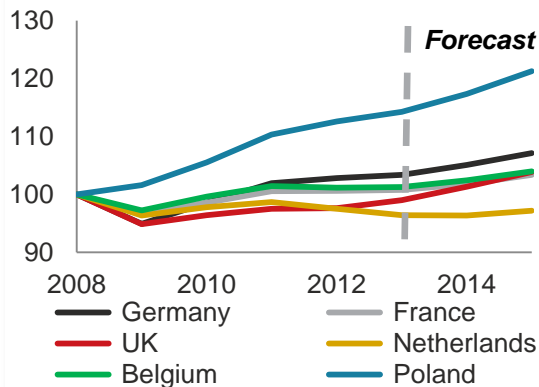
Well positioned for growth

- Economic conditions generally improving
- Supply conditions remain tight
- Structural drivers of occupier demand accelerating
- Improving investor appetite for logistics warehouses

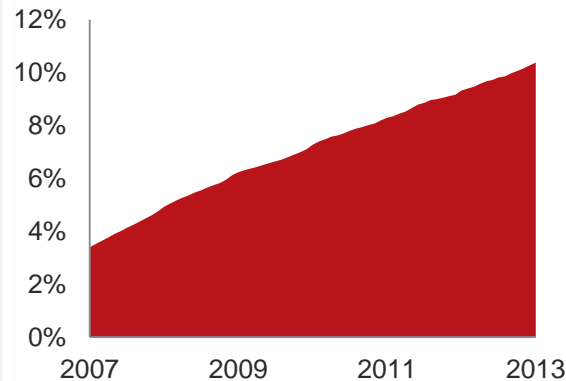
Total UK logistics availability¹
(m sq m)



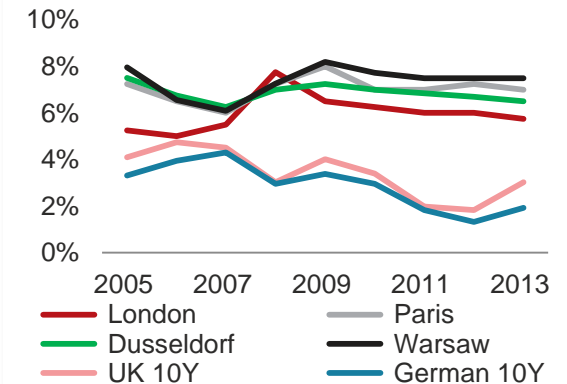
European real GDP growth²
(2008 = 100)



UK internet sales as a % of total retail sales³

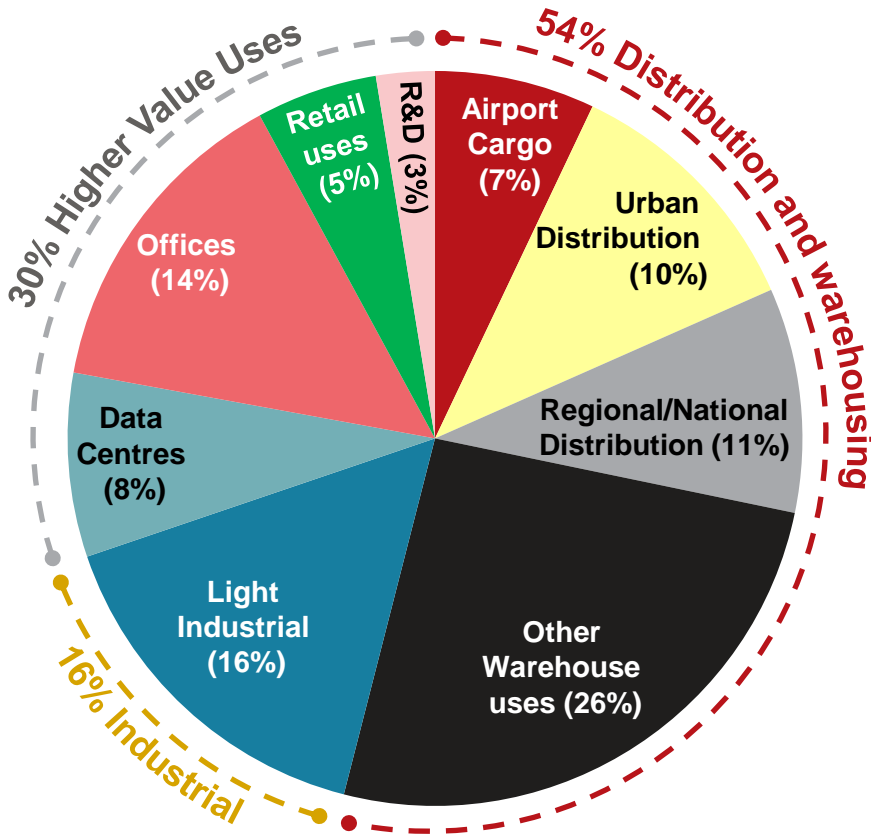


Prime industrial yields⁴

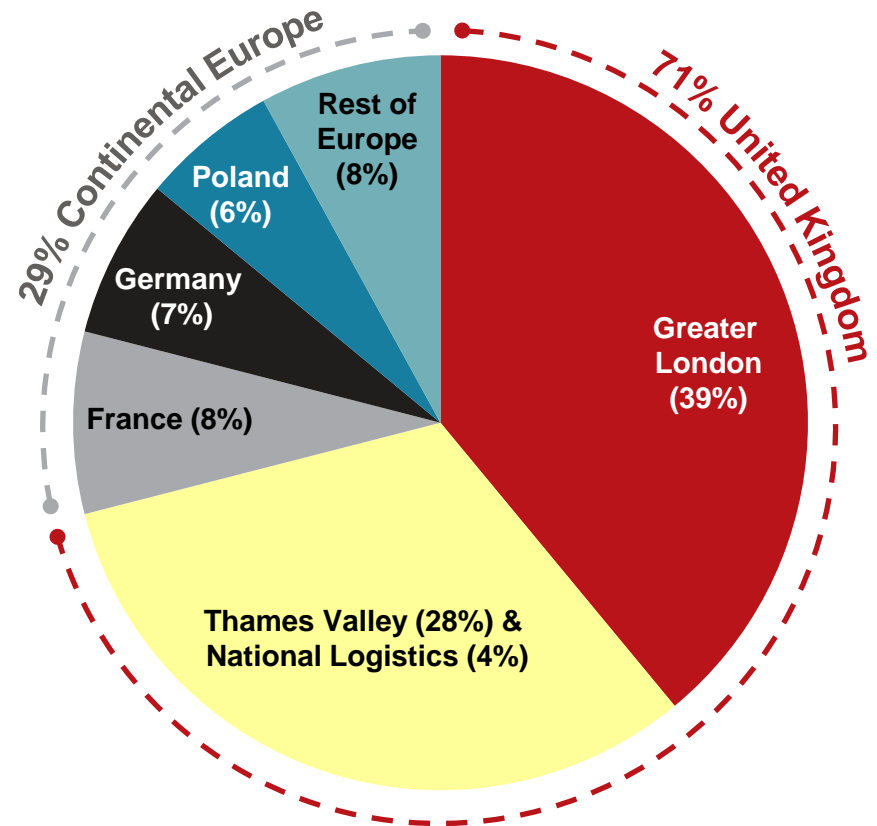


Portfolio well positioned to benefit from growth drivers

Analysis of buildings by use
(% of gross passing rent¹)



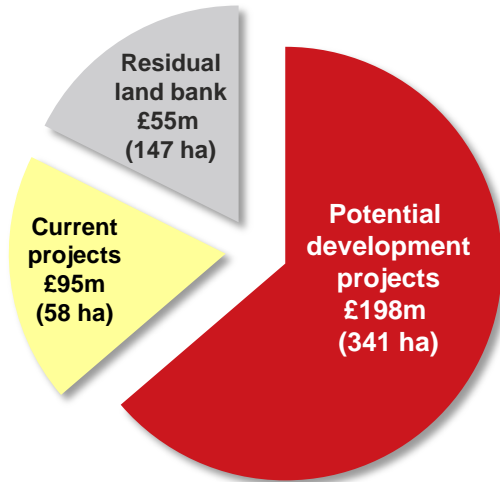
Analysis of buildings by geography
(% of portfolio value, inc. JVs at share)



¹ Occupied properties only (SEGRO share)

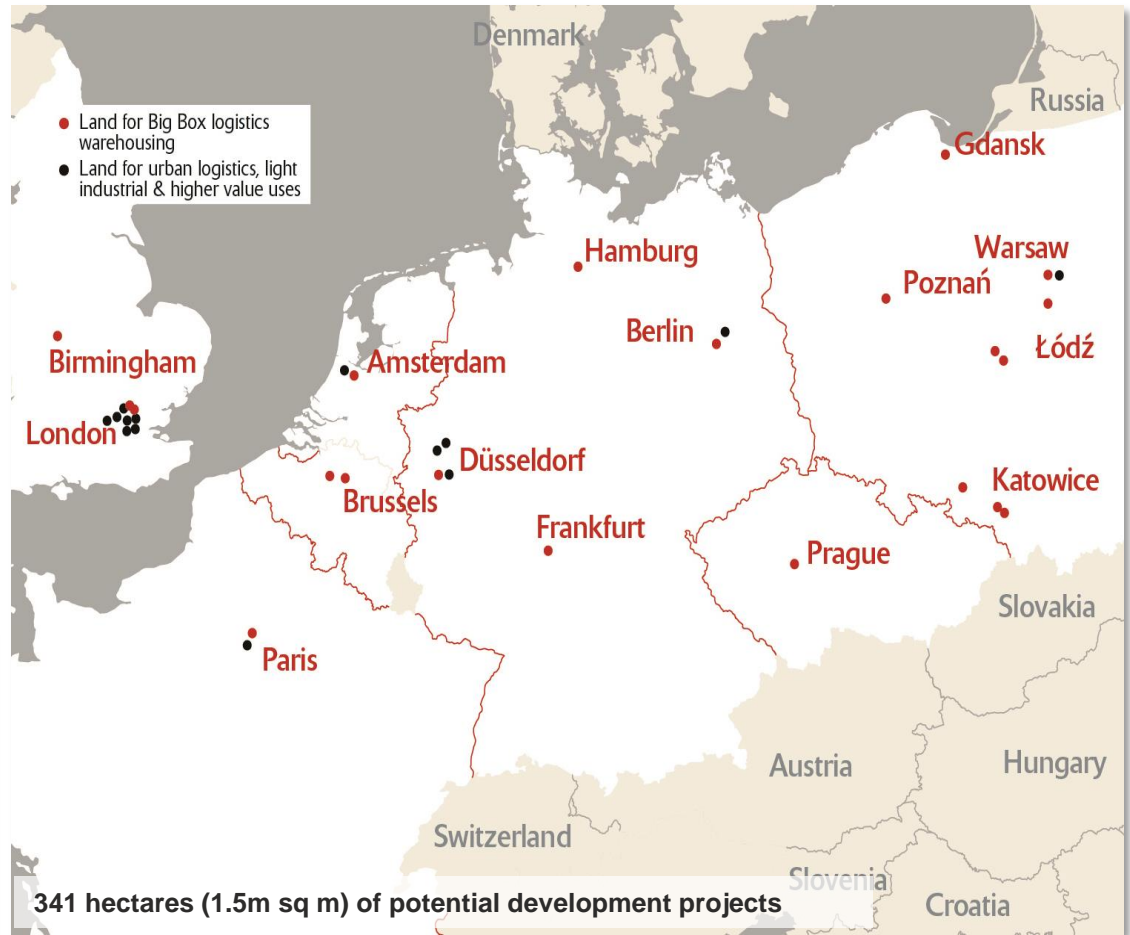
Land bank well located to capitalise on the favourable demand/supply dynamics

Current land holdings by value (as at 31 Dec 2013)



Potential development projects

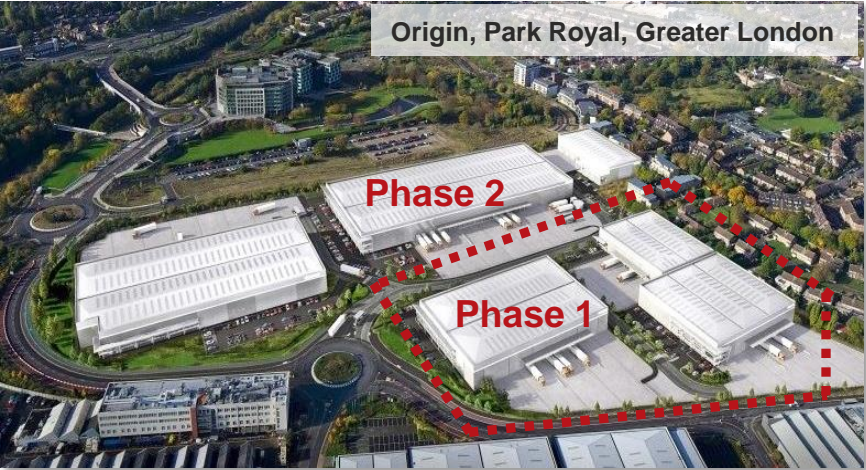
- £74m of potential future annual rent
- £594m estimated development costs
- 9.4% estimated yield on TDC¹
- 12.5% estimated yield on new money



¹ Total development cost (including land)

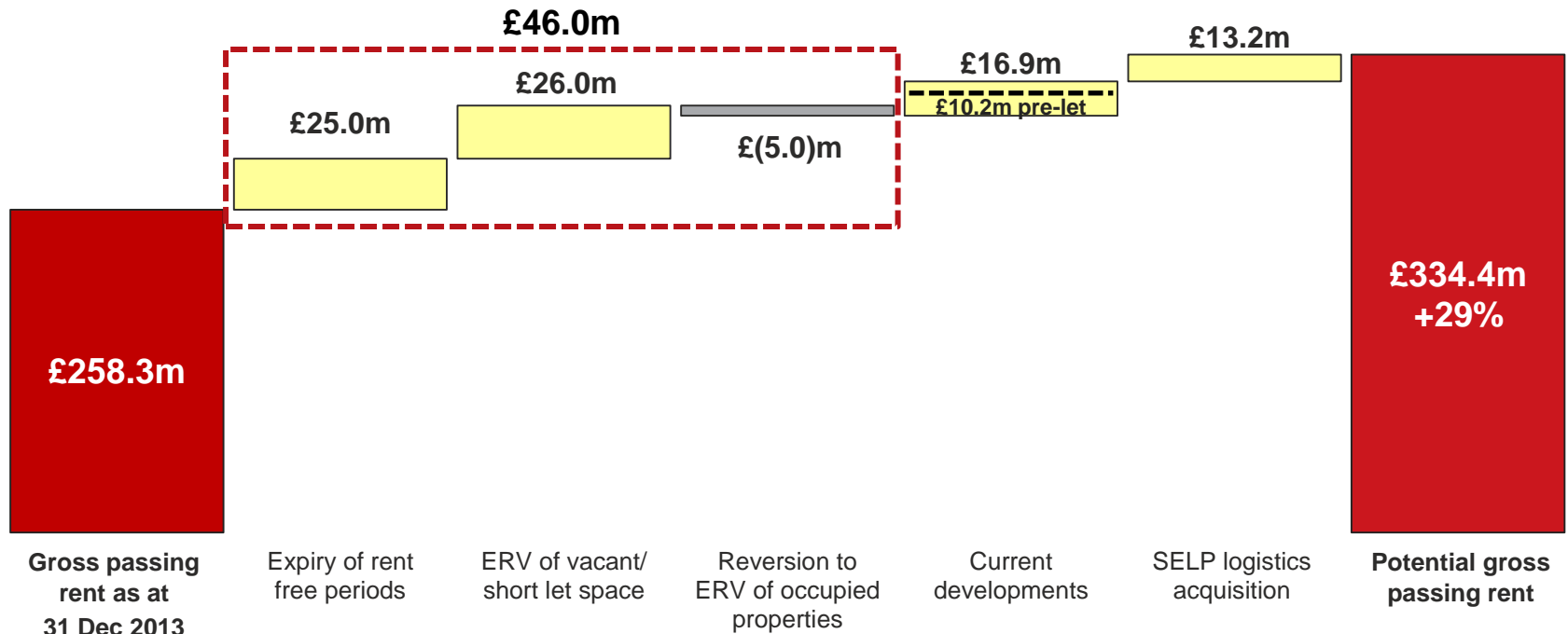
Note: Map excludes land purchased with the recent acquisition within SELP

70,000 sq m of recent additions to the development pipeline so far in 2014



Attractive income growth profile from existing assets and committed investments

Annualised gross cash passing rent¹



- Further development projects represent a potential £74m of annual rent
- Non-core assets account for £40m of gross rent, including the 'Big 2'

- **Significant progress against strategic priorities**
- **Encouraging operational performance**
- **Positive valuation performance driving 6% increase in NAV**
- **Well positioned for growth**
 - Improving economic environment
 - Structural drivers of occupier demand; supply conditions remain tight
 - Investment market for prime industrial supportive to values



Q&A

Appendix I

Portfolio & financial data

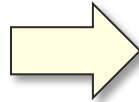


EPRA performance measures

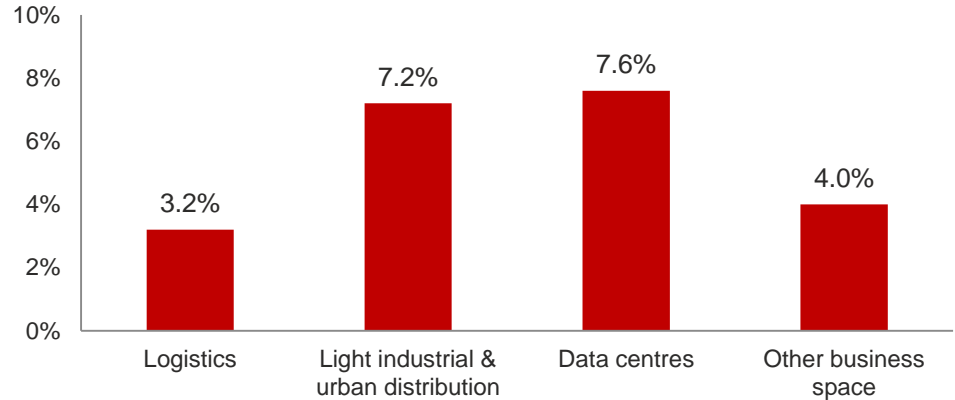
	2013		2012	
	£m	Pence	£m	Pence
EPRA earnings	131.4	17.7	143.0	19.3
EPRA NAV	2,312.6	312	2,176.0	294
EPRA NNNAV	2,086.8	282	1,939.9	262
EPRA net initial yield		6.3%		6.8%
EPRA “topped-up” net initial yield		6.9%		7.7%
EPRA vacancy rate		8.5%		8.2%
EPRA cost ratio (including vacant property costs)		24.2%		22.9%
EPRA cost ratio (excluding vacant property costs)		19.7%		18.6%

Positive portfolio valuation movements

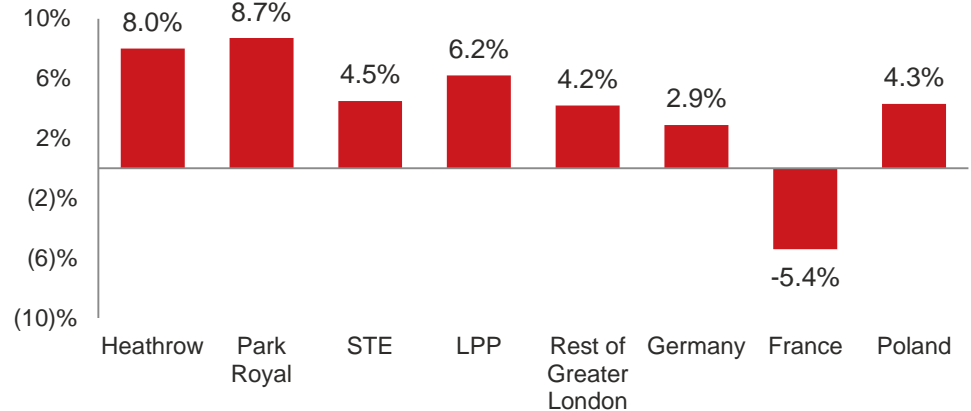
- Core 'industrial' 5.5%
- Offices 2.8%
- Non-core (6.5%)
- **Total portfolio 4.1%**
- IPD UK Quarterly Index
 - All property 4.3%
 - All Industrial 5.7%



FY 2013 Core warehouse portfolio valuation movement by asset type



FY 2013 Core warehouse portfolio valuation movement by geography

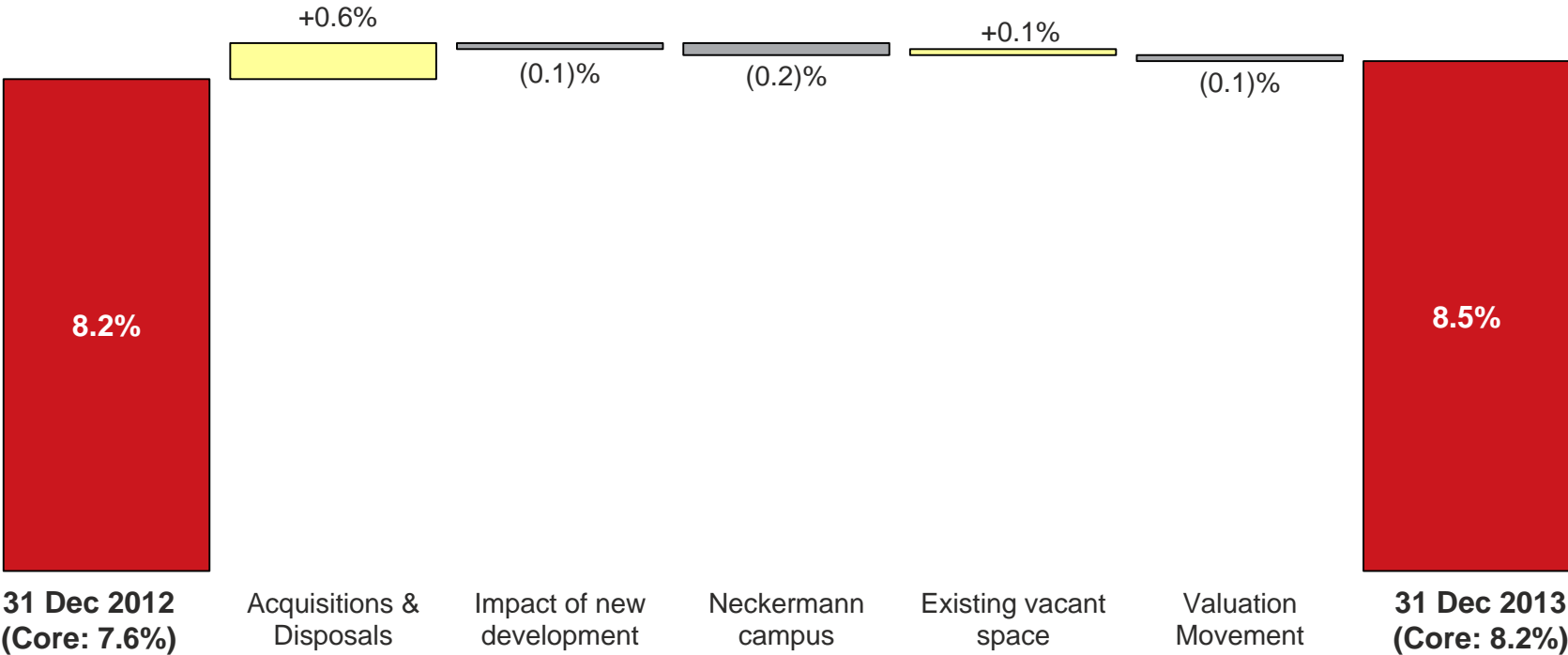


Improved rental income profile

- Retention rate of 69% in 2013 (2012: 65%)
- Portfolio vacancy reduced from 13.5% to 8.5% since 2009
- Weighted average lease length increased from 7.7 years to 8.9 years since 2009

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Retention rate (%)	69	65	74	55	52
Portfolio vacancy rate (%)	8.5	8.2	9.1	12.0	13.5
Average lease length to expiry (years)	8.9	8.4	8.2	8.3	7.7
Average lease length to break (years)	6.7	6.4	6.0	6.0	5.6

Movement in portfolio vacancy



£440m of non-core assets remaining representing 11% of total assets

At 31 Dec 2013	Valuation	Net initial yield ¹	True equivalent yield ¹	Income ²
Inc. JVs at share	£m	%	%	£m
'Big 2' assets	163	11.2	9.9	16
UK smaller non-core	74	6.4	9.1	6
European smaller non-core	203	9.7	9.7	18
Total	440	9.5	9.7	40



¹ Excluding land

² Income based on headline rental income (after the expiry of rent free periods)

EPRA profit before tax: JVs proportionally consolidated

	2013			2012		
	Group £m	JVs £m	Total £m	Group £m	JVs £m	Total £m
Gross rental income	273.8	48.5	322.3	305.4	40.0	345.4
Property operating expenses	(50.4)	(8.0)	(58.4)	(50.6)	(6.5)	(57.1)
Net rental income	223.4	40.5	263.9	254.8	33.5	288.3
Joint venture management fee income	7.1	-	7.1	7.4	-	7.4
Administration expenses	(26.1)	(0.4)	(26.5)	(27.9)	-	(27.9)
EPRA operating profit	204.4	40.1	244.5	234.3	33.5	267.8
EPRA net finance costs	(96.6)	(13.9)	(110.5)	(109.6)	(13.3)	(122.9)
EPRA profit before tax	107.8	26.2	134.0	124.7	20.2	144.9
Tax on EPRA profit	(2.7)	0.1	(2.6)	(1.9)	-	(1.9)
EPRA profit after tax	105.1	26.3	131.4	122.8	20.2	143.0

EPRA net assets: JVs proportionally consolidated

	2013			2012		
	Group £m	JVs £m	Total £m	Group £m	JVs £m	Total £m
Investment properties	2,910.0	1,079.6	3,989.6	3,795.7	621.5	4,417.2
Trading properties	138.7	12.8	151.5	193.3	29.1	222.4
Owner occupied properties	4.1	-	4.1	4.3	-	4.3
Total properties	3,052.8	1,092.4	4,145.2	3,993.3	650.6	4,634.9
Investment in JVs	635.7	(635.7)	-	342.6	(342.6)	-
Other net assets/(liabilities)	115.3	(27.3)	88.0	(10.6)	(10.7)	(21.3)
Net debt	(1,459.1)	(429.4)	(1,888.5)	(2,090.3)	(297.3)	(2,387.6)
Net asset value¹	2,344.7	-	2,344.7	2,235.0		2,235.0
EPRA adjustments			(32.1)			(59.0)
EPRA net assets			2,312.6			2,176.0

¹ After minority interests

Net borrowings profile

- £1,459m of Group net debt as at 31 December 2013, excluding JVs
 - £197m share of JV acquisitions to complete in Q2 2014 (of which equity of £118m)
 - £89m committed to complete current development projects

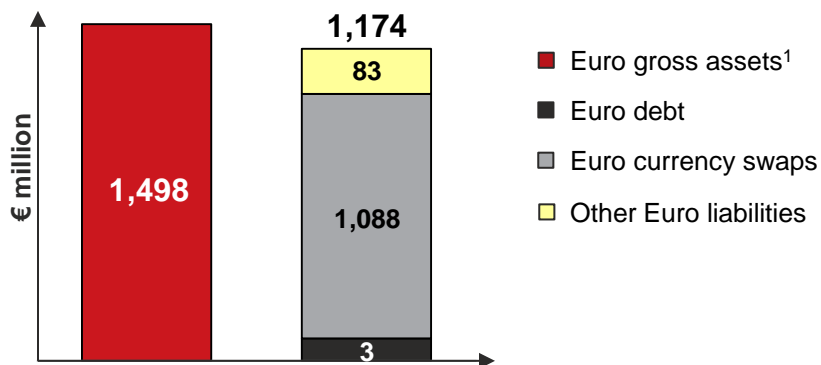
	31 Dec 2013 £m	Weighted average cost of gross debt ¹
Group gross borrowings	(1,693)	4.5%
Group cash & equivalents	234	0.4%
Group net borrowings	(1,459)	
SELP deferred consideration	131	5.0% ²
Share of JV net borrowings	(429)	3.4%

¹ Excluding commitment fees and amortised costs (c£7m)

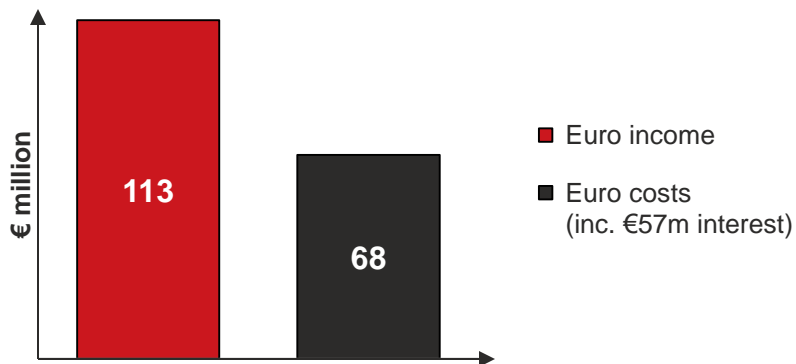
² Coupon on deferred consideration for the purpose of EPRA earnings (cash rate of 7%)

Euro currency exposure and hedging

Balance Sheet (as at 31 December 2013)



Income statement (year ended 31 December 2013)



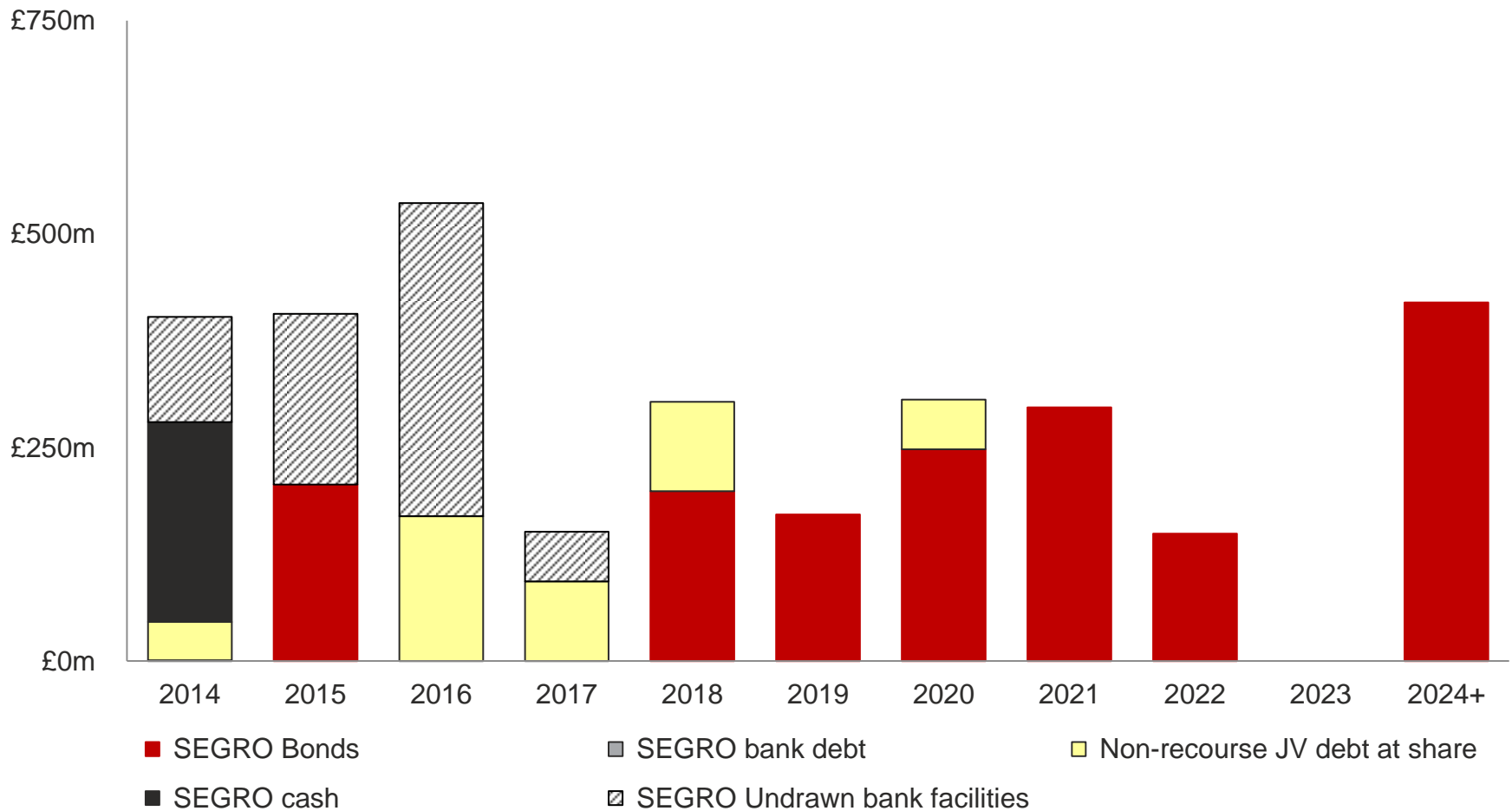
- €1.20:£1 as at 31 December 2013
- € assets 78% hedged by € liabilities
- €324m (£270m) of residual exposure - 12% of Group NAV
- NAV sensitivity versus €1.20:£1:
 - +5% (€1.26) = -c£13m (c1.8p per share)
 - 5% (€1.14) = +c£14m (c1.9p per share)

- LTV (on look through basis¹) at €1.20:£1 is 42%
- Sensitivity versus €1.20:£1:
 - +5% (€1.26) LTV - 0.5%
 - 5% (€1.14) LTV +0.5%

- Average rate for 12 months to 31 December 2013 €1.18:£1
- € income 60% hedged by € expenditure (incl. interest)
- Net € income for the period €45m (£38m) – 29% of Group
- Annualised net income sensitivity versus €1.18:£1:
 - +5% (€1.24) = -c£1.8m (c0.2p per share)
 - 5% (€1.12) = +c£2.0m (c0.3p per share)

¹ Including net investment in JVs

Debt Maturity Profile



SEGRO European Logistics Partnership (SELP) Balance Sheet



SEGRO share	31 Dec 2013 (£m)	European logistics portfolio acquisition ¹ (£m)	Total (£m)
Portfolio valuation	417	197	614
- <i>France</i>	142	29	171
- <i>Germany/Belgium/Neth.</i>	95	126	221
- <i>Poland/Czech Republic</i>	180	42	222
Net borrowings	(136)	(79)	(215)
Other net assets/liabilities	(20)	-	(20)
Net assets	261	118	379
<i>Annual gross passing rent²</i>	33	13	46

¹ Contracts exchanged in February 2014 (expected completion in Q2 2014)

² Income based on headline rental income (after the expiry of rent free periods)

Appendix II

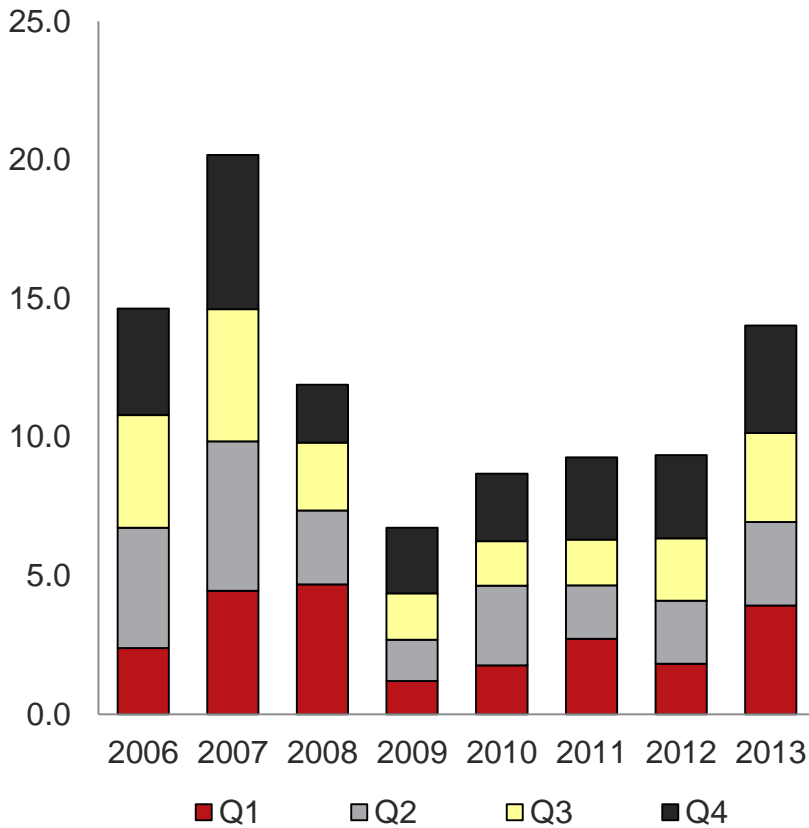
Supplementary market data



European Industrial investment volumes

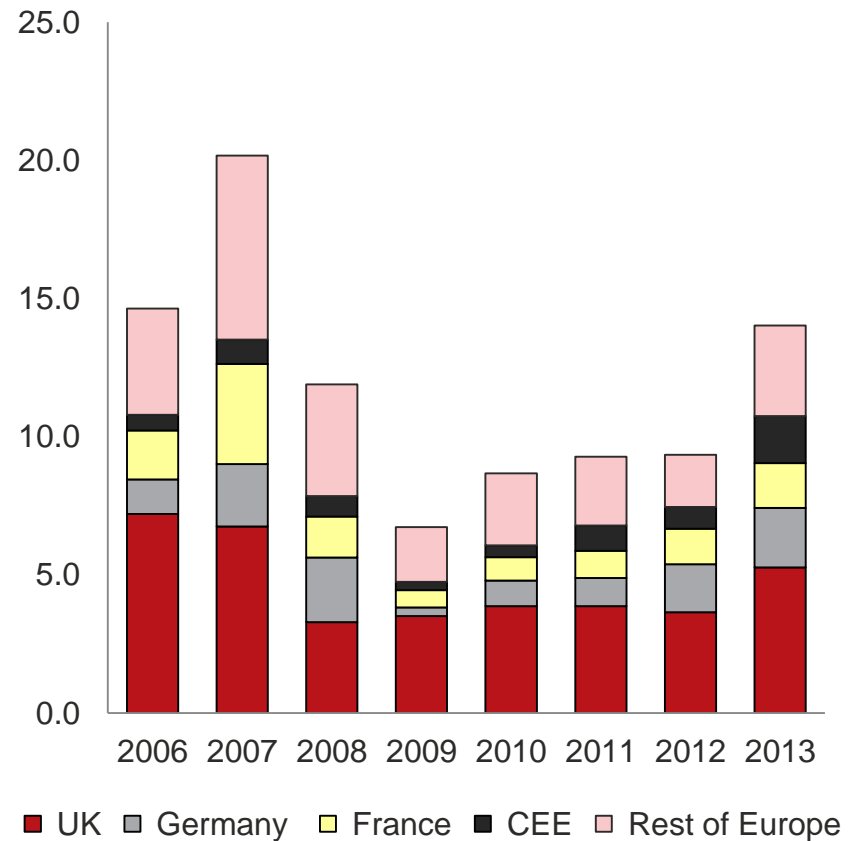
European Industrial investment volumes

By quarter (€bn)



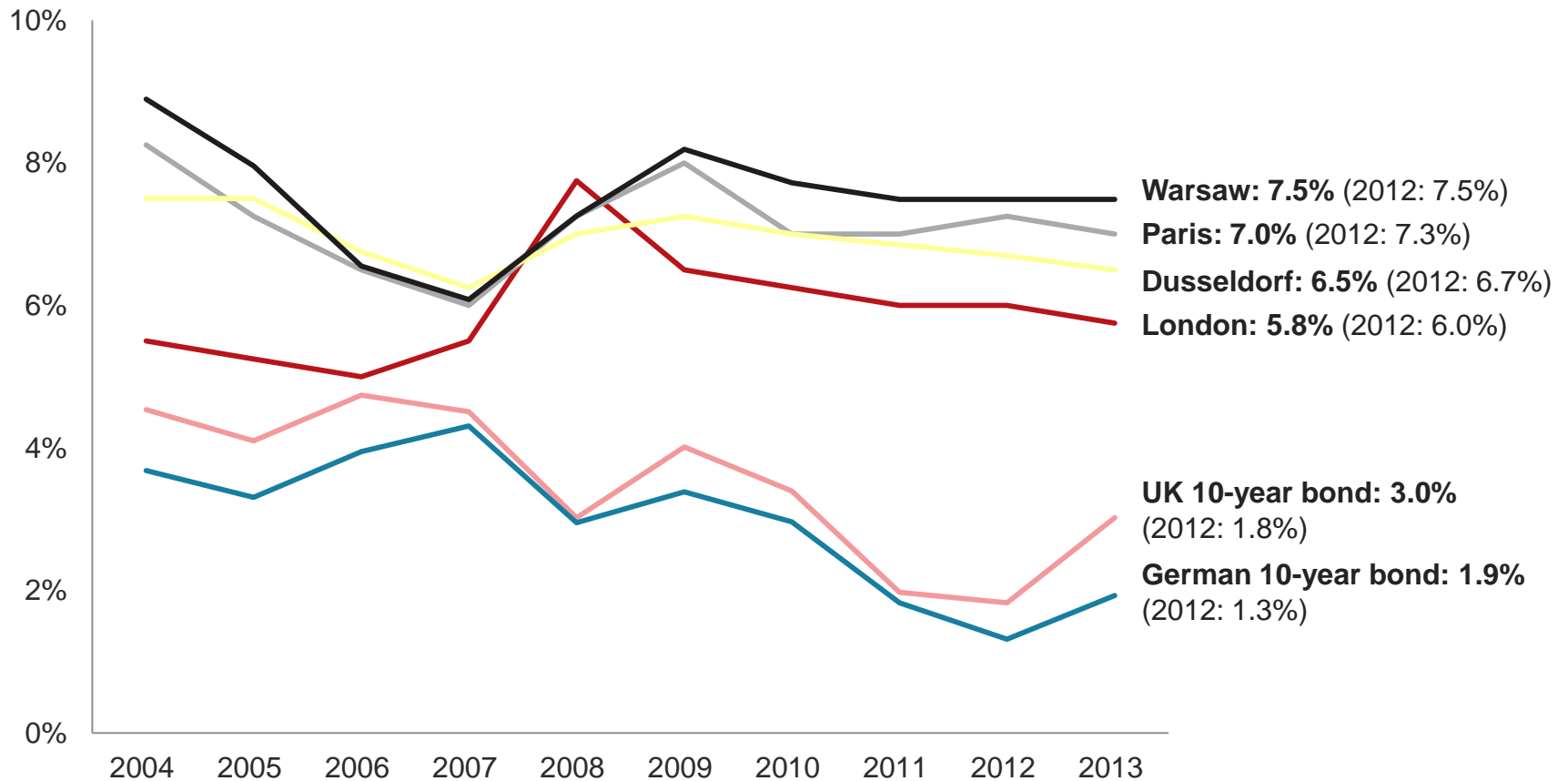
European Industrial investment volumes

By country (€bn)



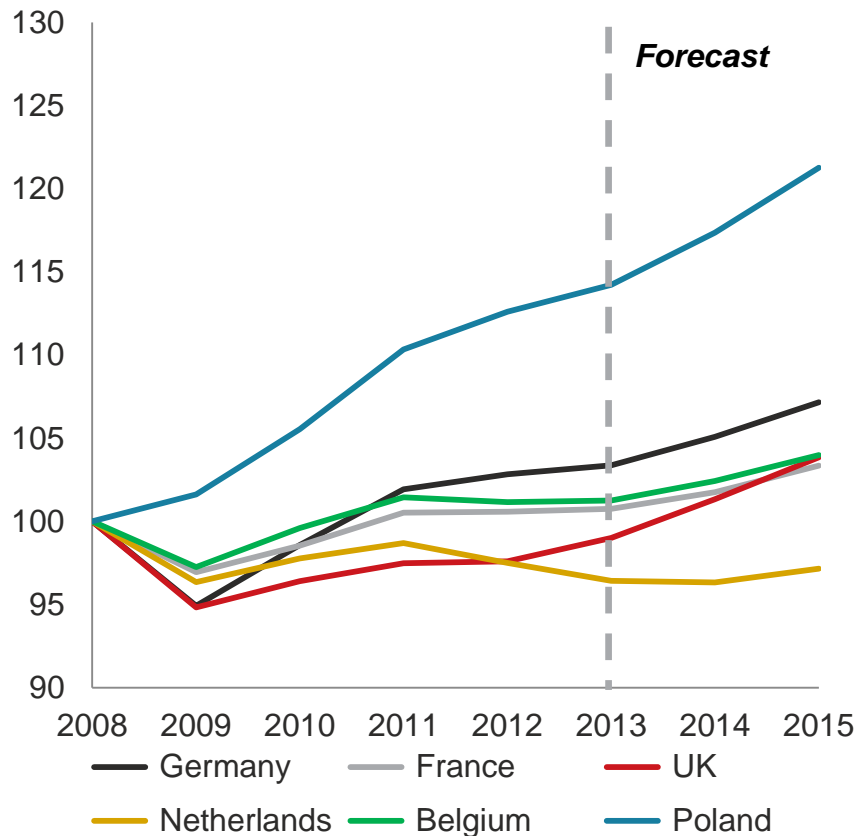
Investment market yields declined in 2013, even as interest rates increased

Prime net yields by major logistics markets

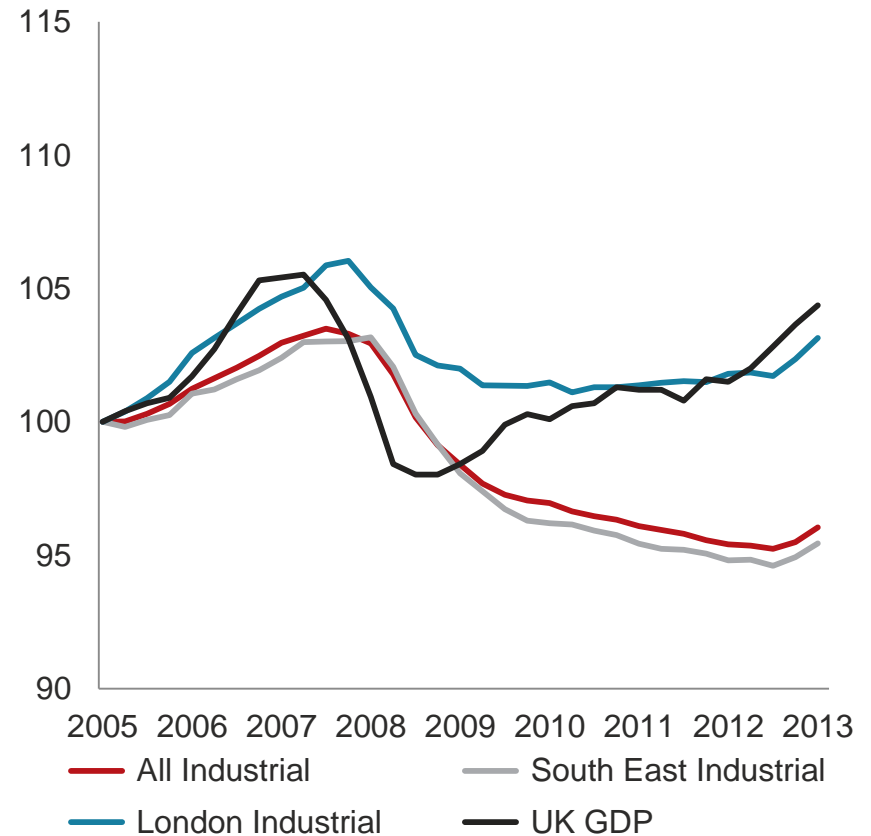


Improving market outlook for occupational demand

European Real GDP growth¹
(2008 = 100)



UK industrial rents vs UK GDP growth²
(2005 = 100)

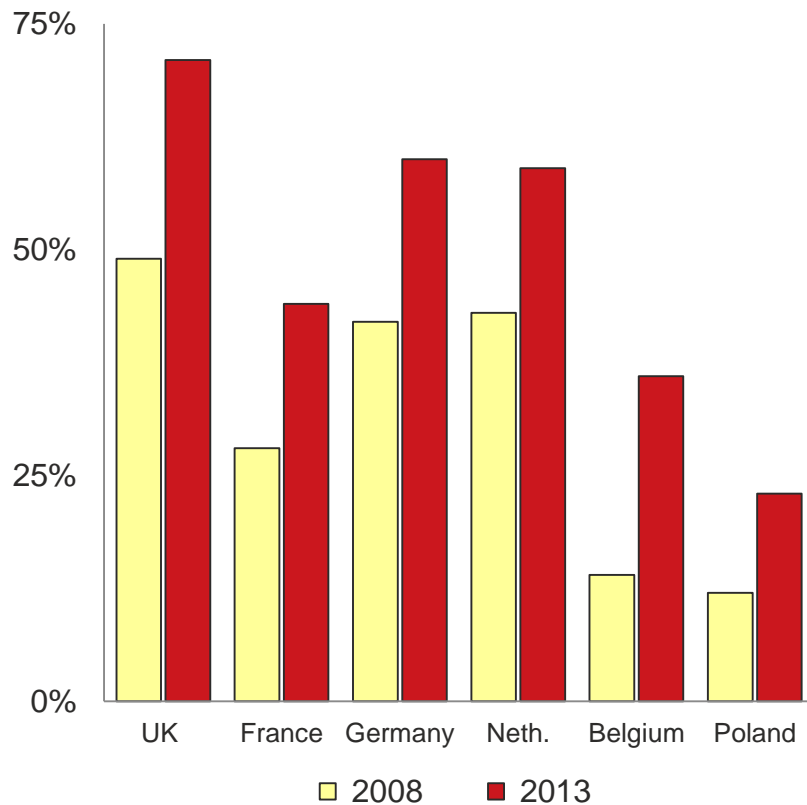


¹ Source: OECD

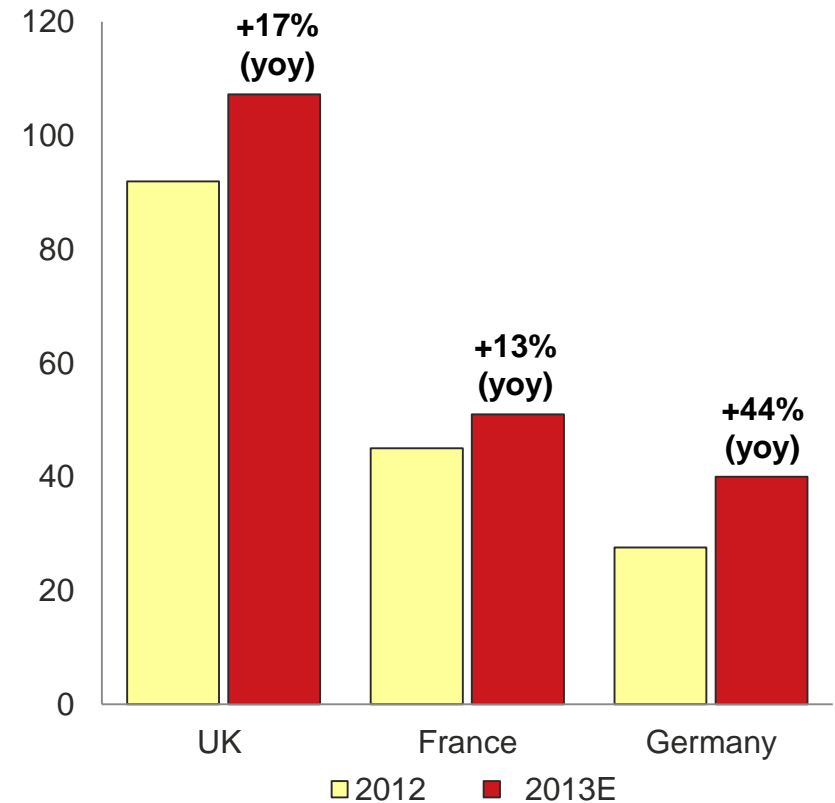
² Source: IPD Quarterly Index, ONS

Continued growth in online sales a key driver for logistics demand

% of population making an online purchase within the last 3 months¹



Value of online spending² (€bn)

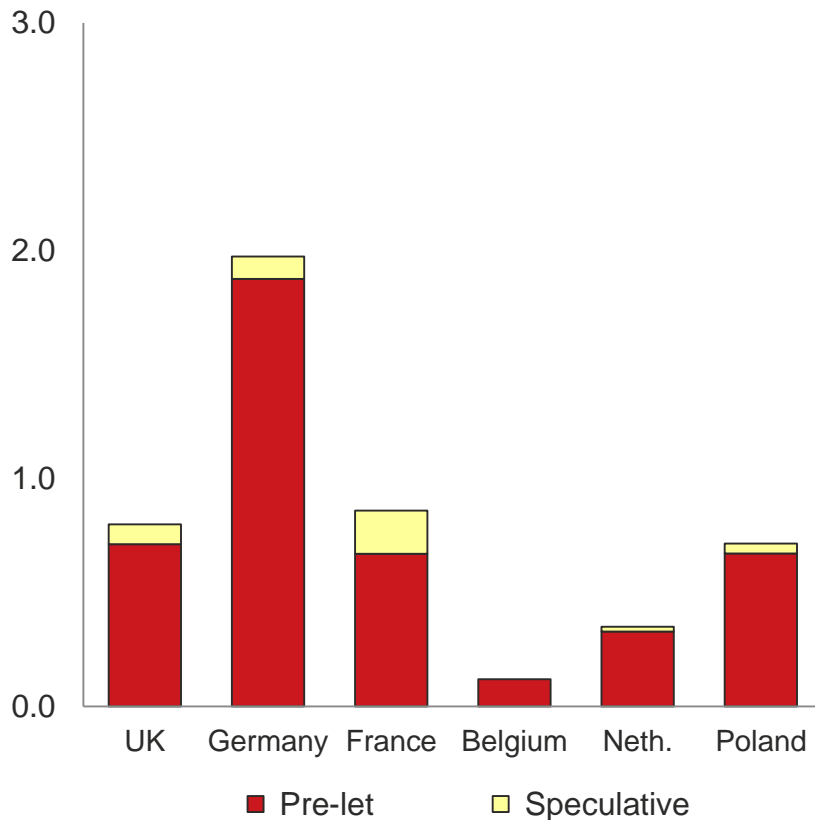


¹ Source: Eurostat

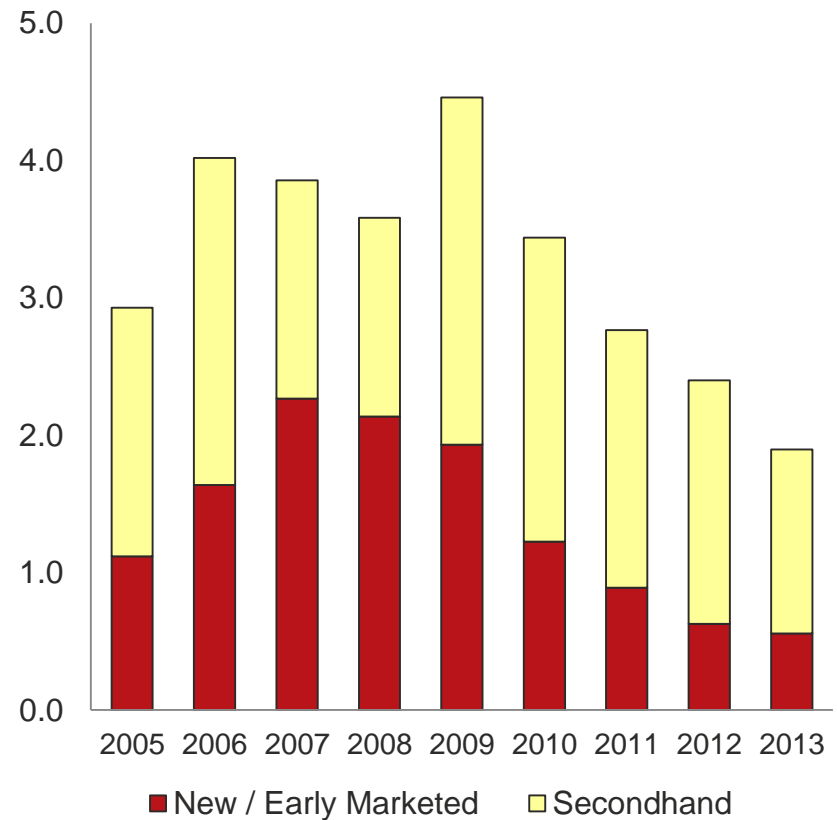
² Source: IMRG, Fevad and BVH

Supply of new space remains significantly constrained

Logistics space under construction¹
(m sq m)



Total UK Logistics availability²
(m sq m)

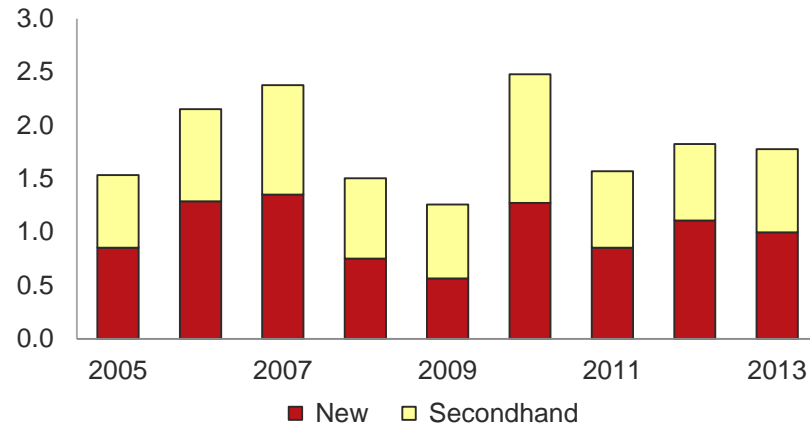


¹ Source: 4Q 2013, Jones Lang LaSalle (January 2014)

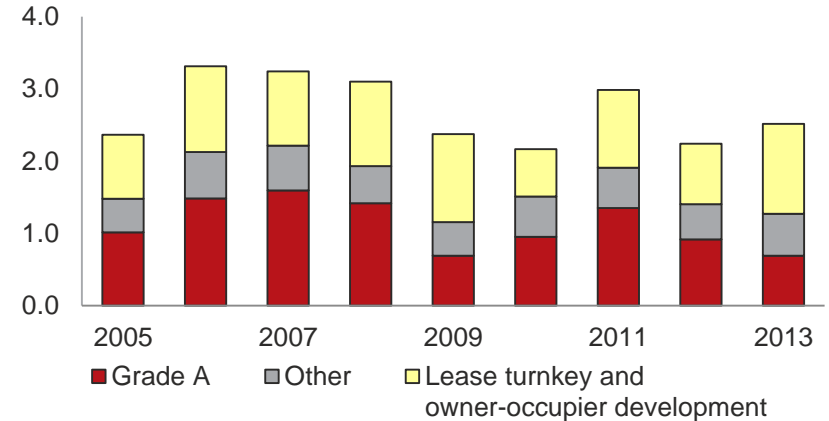
² Source: CBRE

European logistics take-up

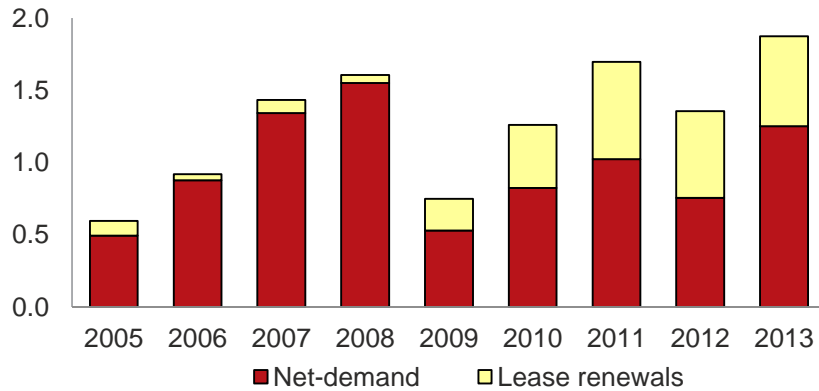
UK - Take up¹ (m sq m)



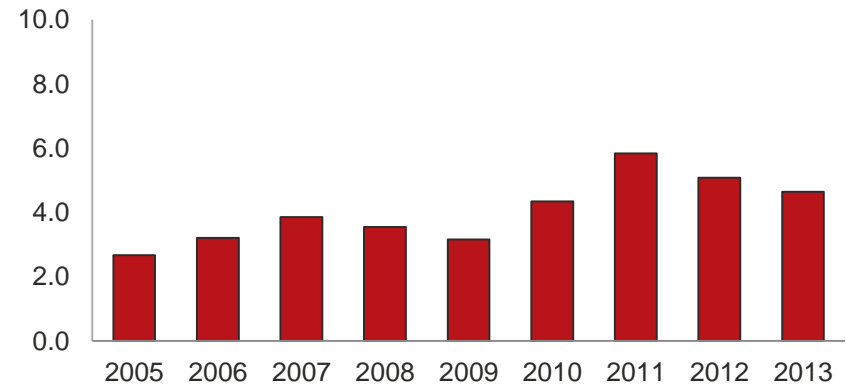
France - Take up² (m sq m)



Poland - Take up³ (m sq m)



Germany - Take up² (m sq m)



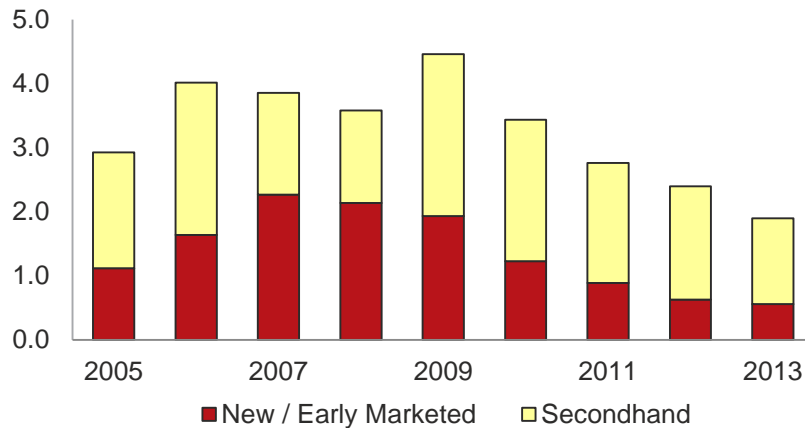
¹ Source: CBRE

² Source: BNP Paribas Real Estate

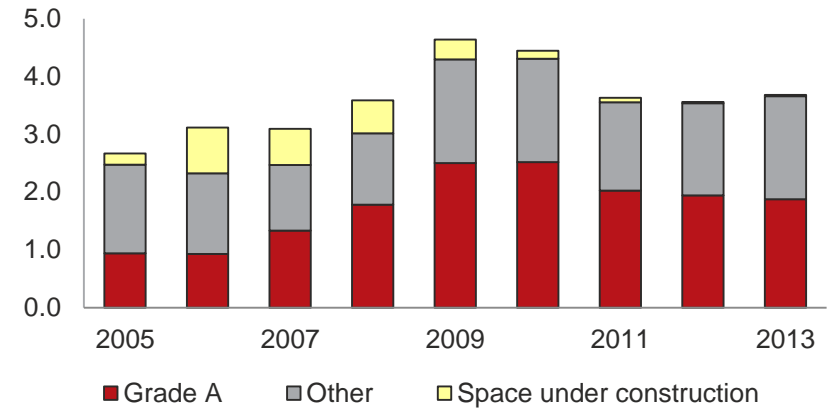
³ Source: Jones Lang LaSalle

European logistics availability

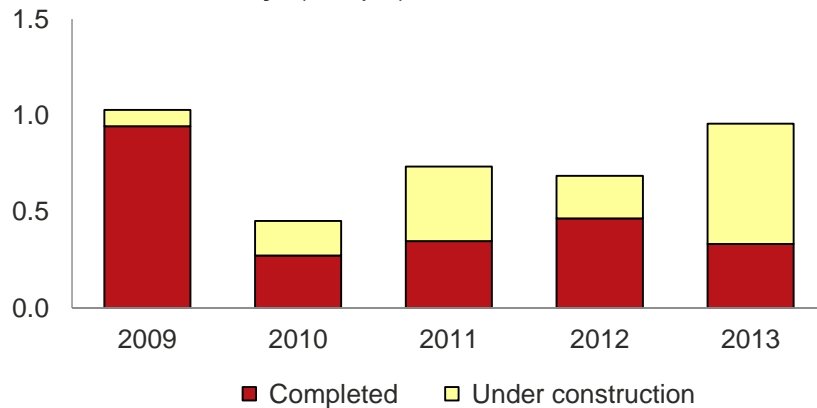
UK - Availability¹ (m sq m)



France - Availability² (m sq m)



Poland - Availability¹ (m sq m)



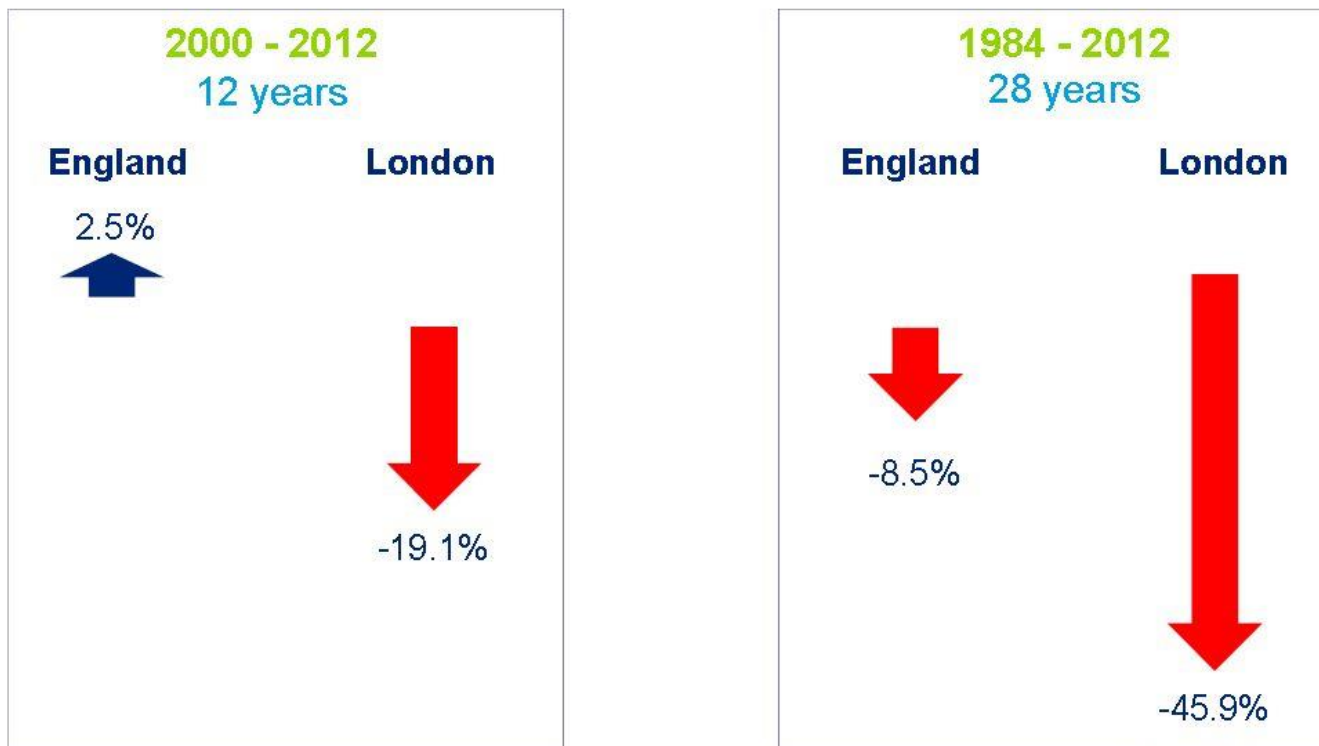
¹ Source: CBRE

² Source: BNP Paribas Real Estate

Erosion of London industrial land

The constant erosion of London industrial land underpins values through scarcity

Changes in Industrial Floorspace



Source: ONS

Rental growth on key estates has outpaced inflation over 25 years+

Forward-looking statements

This presentation may contain certain forward-looking statements with respect to SEGRO's expectations and plans, strategy, management's objectives, future performance, costs, revenues and other trend information. These statements and forecasts involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend upon circumstances that may occur in the future. There are a number of factors which could cause actual results or developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward looking statements and forecasts. The statements have been made with reference to forecast price changes, economic conditions and the current regulatory environment. Nothing in this presentation should be construed as a profit forecast. Past share performance cannot be relied on as a guide to future performance.